(Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 AND REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

**CORPORATE SERVICES LTD.** 

#### CORPORATE SERVICES LTD.

**Auditing, Accounting and Tax Consulting Services** 

455/17 Moo Baan Biz Pattanakarn-On Nut, Pattanakarn Road, Prawet Sub-district, Prawet District, Bangkok 10250 TEL: (02) 047-7897-9 FAX: (02) 047-7799

## Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Coforge Limited (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

#### My Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements of Coforge Limited, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standard for Non-Publicly Accountable Entities (TFRS for NPAEs)

#### What I have audited

The Company's financial statements comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2022;
- the statements of Income for the year then ended;
- the statements of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the statements of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the Federation of Accounting Professions under the Royal Patronage of his Majesty the King's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with TFRS for NPAEs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of

accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of

accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists

related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to

continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to

draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if

such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit

evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions

may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including

the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions

and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in

internal control that I identify during my audit.

Wipa & Burapalli

WIPAT BURAPAKUSOLSRI

C.P.A. (THAILAND)

Registration No. 2490

Bangkok

18 April 2022

# (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# **AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**

		In Baht	
ASSETS	Notes	2022	2021
CURRENT ASSETS	-		
Cash and cash equivalents	3	76,747,318	57,638,016
Trade accounts receivable - other companies, net	4	98,042,155	124,389,820
Withholding income tax		19,418,327	19,860,476
Prepaid expenses		2,265,619	6,043,029
Other current assets	5	11,315,922	11,351,516
Total Current Assets		207,789,341	219,282,857
NON - CURRENT ASSETS		6	
Loan to related company	16 (b)	173,044,040	200,108,800.00
Right to use office prenises - net	6	2,811,006	1,527,271
Intangible assets, net	7	5,426,604	37,492
Equipment, net	8	29,240,288	23,121,012
Other non-current asset	_	16,601	16,601
Total Non - Current Assets	¥-	210,538,539	224,811,176
TOTAL ASSETS	. 24 =	418,327,880	444,094,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## **AS OF 31 MARCH 2022**

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		In Baht	
	Notes	2022	2021
CURRENT LIABILITIES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Trade accounts payable - other companies		30,692,392	24,708,093
Trade accounts payable - related companies	16 (b)	35,106,490	111,560,311
Loan from related company		49,916,550	
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	9	960,093	1,046,762
Lease liability-current portion		1,777,843	580,327
Other current liabilities	10	19,220,717	36,838,787
Total Current Liabilities	· <del>-</del>	137,674,085	174,734,280
NON - CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liability-long term		1,142,551	989,881.00
Accrued employees benefit		14,288,551	13,818,907
Finance lease liabilities	9	316,724	743,555
Total Non-Current Liabilities	· -	15,747,826	15,552,343
	· ·		10,002,040
Total Liabilities	8-	153,421,911	190,286,623
EQUITY			
Share capital	12	15,000,000	15,000,000
Retained earnings			
Appropriated - legal reserve	13	1,500,000	1,500,000
Unappropriated		248,405,969	237,307,410
Total Equity	; <del>-</del>	264,905,969	253,807,410
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		418,327,880	444,094,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# STATEMENT OF INCOME

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		In Ba	aht
	Notes	2022	2021
			: <del></del>
Service income		475,216,774	507,400,033
Cost of services		(420,221,544)	(467,909,217)
Gross profit		54,995,230	39,490,816
Marketing Expenses		(20,880,509)	(10,240,402)
Administrative expenses		(24,684,363)	(40,046,150)
Operating profit	¥	9,430,358	(10,795,736)
Interest income		2,692,535	2,552,802
Gain (loss) on exchange rate		3,656,684	2,804,432
Other income		645,598	651,744
Profit before interest expenses		16,425,175	(4,786,758)
Interest expenses		(1,015,108)	(246,573)
Profit before income tax		15,410,067	(5,033,331)
Income tax	17	(4,311,508)	(468,754)
Net profit for the year		11,098,559	(5,502,085)
Basic earnings per share	15	86	(42)

# (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	In Baht			
	Share capital	Legal reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total
	(Note 12)	(Note 13)		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	15,000,000	1,500,000	237,307,410	253,807,410
Net profit (loss) for the year	( <del>=</del> )	=	11,098,559	11,098,559
Balance as at 31 March 2022	15,000,000	1,500,000	248,405,969	264,905,969
	1.	( <del></del>		<del>,</del> (
Balance as at 31 March 2020	15,000,000	1,500,000	242,809,495	259,309,495
Net profit (loss) for the year	20	<u>=</u>	(5,502,085)	(5,502,085)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	15,000,000	1,500,000	237,307,410	253,807,410
		× <del></del>		

# (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	In Baht	
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\\	
Net income (loss)	11,098,559	(5,502,085)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to income (loss) from operating		
activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Depreciation and amortization	13,502,993	8,142,061
Income from operating activities before changes in operating		
assets and liabilities	24,601,552	2,639,976
Decrease (increase) in operating assets	*	
Accounts receivable - trade	26,347,665	(52,069,049)
Withholding income tax	442,149	(9,454,951)
Prepaid expenses	3,777,410	(4,286,248)
Other current assets	35,594	12,767,506
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Account payables other companies	5,984,299	4,055,813
Payable to related companies	(26,537,271)	81,689,358
Finance lease liabilities	(86,669)	36,571
Lease liability	1,197,516	(874,988)
Other current liabilities	(17,618,070)	(13,470,811)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# (Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

# **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<del></del>	₹ <u></u> }
Loan to related company	27,064,760	(200,108,800)
Decrease (increase) in deposits	ш	1,066,817
Purchase of fixed assets	(26,295,116)	(27,805,270)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	769,644	(226,847,253)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Accrued employees benefit	152,670	3,052,006
Lease liability	469,644	989,881
Finance lease liabilities	(426,831)	(457,986)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	195,483	3,583,901
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	19,109,302	(202,230,175)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	57,638,016	259,868,191
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	76,747,318	57,638,016

(Formerly NIIT Technologies Ltd.)

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Coforge Limited ("The Company") is a limited company and is incorporated and resident in Thailand.

The address of the Company's registered office is as follows:

1858/17 Inter Link Tower, 6th Floor, Debaratana Road, Bang Na Tai, Bangna, Bangkok.

The principal business activities of the Company are providing outsourcing information technology system, rendering consultancy services of software development and other services related to the software business.

At the extraordinary of shareholders' meeting No. 1/2563 held on 24 August 2020, the shareholders approved to change the company's name from NIIT Technologies Ltd. to Coforge Limited. The change of the company's name was registered with Ministry of Commerce on 28 August 2020.

As at 31 March 2022 the Company employed 189 persons (2021: 218 persons).

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the management on 18 April 2022.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation

The Company is considered as a Non-publicly Accountable Entity.

On 6 May 2011, the Federation of Accounting Professions (FAP) published the 'Thai Financial Reporting Standard for Non-publicly Accountable Entities' (TFRS for NPAEs). TFRS for NPAEs is effective for financial statements which periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

Changes in accounting policy from the application of TFRS for NPAEs.

#### Component approach

Under previous accounting policy, the company did not separately depreciate each significant part of an item of property, plant and equipment. The Company separately depreciates each significant part of items that are acquired on or after 01 January 2011 onwards. For the items acquired before the beginning of the first period under the TFRS for NPAEs, the Company continues depreciating them as a single unit. However, the Company reviewed residual values, useful lives and depreciation method of those assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Thai Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses in the reported periods.

Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

An English version of the financial statements have been prepared from the statutory financial statement that are issued in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

#### 2.2 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Thai Baht using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the statements of financial position date denominated in foreign currency are translated to Thai Baht at the exchange rate prevailing at that statements of financial position date. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in the statement of income.

#### 2.3 Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount and subsequently measured at the remaining amount less allowance for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the amount expected to be collectible. Bad debts are recognised in the income statement within services and administrative expenses.

#### 2.4 Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each assets to its residual value over the estimated useful life as follows:

Computer equipment

3 - 5

years years

Furniture and fixtures

5

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the company. Major renovations are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

Gain and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are included in operating profit.

#### 2.5 Leases - where the company is the lessee

#### Finance lease

Leases of assets to the Company, as a lessee, which substantially transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated to the principal and to the finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The outstanding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the statement of income over the lease period so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant or equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

#### 2.6 Provisions

Provisions, excluding the provisions for employee benefits, are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

The Company recognises the estimated liability in respect of outstanding annual leave of staff at the Statement of financial position date. The provision for outstanding annual leave is calculated based on the outstanding annual leave days and salary rate of staff and presented in the Statement of financial position under other current liabilities.

#### 2.7 Income tax

The Company does not recognise income tax payable or receivable in future periods with respect to temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. The principal temporary differences arise from tax losses carry forward, allowance for doubtful debt and depreciation rate for equipment.

## 2.8 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the invoiced value for the services net of output tax, rebates and discounts. Each type of revenue is recognised as follows:

- In respect of software project and service are recognised based on the stage of completion determined by
  reference to services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed. When it is probable
  that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense
  immediately.
- In respect of agreements requiring provision of professionals, income is recognised over the period the service is provided as per the terms of the agreements.

	In Bal	nt
3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2022	2021
Cash in bank		
Saving account	56,679,209	37,600,970
Fixed Deposit 3 Months	20,068,109	20,037,046
Total	76,747,318	57,638,016
4. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - OTHER COMPANIES, NET	In Bah	t
*	2022	2021
Trade accounts receivable  Less Allowance for doubtful debts	99,221,861 (1,179,706)	127,053,264 (2,663,444)
Total	98,042,155	124,389,820

# 5. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	2022	2021
Account receivable - Other	10,127,107	9,942,084
Advance payment	(34,131)	(33,500)
Deposits	1,222,946	1,442,932
Total	11,315,922	11,351,516

In Baht

In Baht

# 6. RIGHT TO USE OFFICE PREMISES

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
Cost	4,888,785	3,117,215
Add (Deduct)	3,162,991	1,771,570
Less Accumulated amortisation	(5,240,770)	(3,361,514)
Net book value	2,811,006	1,527,271
Amortisation charge for the year	1,879,256	1,620,795

# 7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

	2022	2021
Application software - at cost	11,418,255	11,418,255
Add (Deduct) Purchased	6,899,125	8
Less Accumulated amortisation	(12,890,776)	(11,380,763)
Net book value	5,426,604	37,492
Amortisation charge for the year	1,510,013	116,584

# 8. EQUIPMENT, NET

l.	D~	<b>L</b> 4
		nt

Computer and equipment  180,135,724 (157,911,961)	Furniture and fixtures  3,842,554 (2,945,305)	Total  183,978,278
180,135,724 (157,911,961)	3,842,554	183,978,278
(157,911,961)		
(157,911,961)		
	(2,945,305)	(160 957 966)
00 000 500		(160,857,266)
22,223,763	897,249	23,121,012
15	3	
22,223,763	897,249	23,121,012
16,233,000	ш	16,233,000
(9,968,365)	(145,359)	(10,113,724)
28,488,398	751,890	29,240,288
196,368,724	3,842,554	200,211,278
(167,880,326)	(3,090,664)	(170,970,990)
	16,233,000 (9,968,365) <b>28,488,398</b> 196,368,724	16,233,000 - (9,968,365) (145,359) - <b>28,488,398 751,890</b> 196,368,724 3,842,554

Depreciation for the years 2022 and 2021 amounted to Baht 10,113,724 and Baht 6,404,682, respectively.

Leased assets included above, where the Company is a lessee under a finance lease, comprise computer equipment.

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
Capitalised financial leases - at cost	12,565,928	12,202,928
Less Accumulated depreciation	(11,599,495)	(10,409,535)
Net book amount	966,433	1,793,393

## 9. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

Finance lease liabilities are in respect of the purchase of computer equipment Finance lease liabilities - minimum lease payments:

	in Baht	
	2022	2021
Not later than 1 year	1,002,540	1,148,996
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	322,423	772,485
	1,324,963	1,921,481
<u>Less</u> Future finance charges on finance leases	48,146	131,164
Present value of finance lease liabilities =	1,276,817	1,790,317
Representing lease liabilities:		
- current	960,093	1,046,762
- non-current	316,724	743,555
Total	1,276,817	1,790,317

# 10. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
VAT payable	8,143,035	7,650,124
Accrued employee benefit	1,160,975	1,147,067
Provision for leave encashment	5,411,295	6,177,965
Deferred revenue	2,359,486	18,638,907
Other	2,145,926	3,224,724
Total	19,220,717	36,838,787

Provision for leave encashment represents outsanding annual leave of staffs as at 31 March 2022 which can carry forward to the following year.

#### 11. REGISTERED PROVIDENT FUND PLAN

The Company established a contributory registered provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The registered provident fund plan was approved by the Ministry of Finance on 16 January 2005. Under the plan, members contribute 3% of basic salary. The contribution shall be capped at the maximum of Baht 5,000.00 or 2% of basic salary whichever is higher and the Company contributes at the same rate of employee's contribution. The Company appointed a fund manager to manage the fund in accordance with the terms and condition prescribed in the Ministerial Regulation No. 2 (B.E. 2532) issued under the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530.

The Company's contribution, which was charged to operations for the year, amounted to Baht 1,412,439.

#### 12. SHARE CAPITAL

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
Authorised and fully paid - up		
129,600 ordinary shares of Baht 100 each	12,960,000	12,960,000
20,400 non-cumulative preference shares		
of Baht 100 each	2,040,000	2,040,000
Total	15,000,000	15,000,000

Shareholders of preference shares are entitled to receive dividends (non-cumulative) amounting to 3% of the paid-up amount.

#### 13. LEGAL RESERVE

Under the provision of the Civil and Commercial Code, the Company is required to set aside as legal reserve at least 5% of its net income at each dividend declaration until the reserve reaches 10% of authorized share capital. The reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

#### 14. OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)

The following expenditure items, classified by nature, have been charged in arriving at operating profit (loss).

	12	In Baht	
		2022	2021
Staff costs		233,520,929	263,363,907
Depreciation (Note 8)		10,113,724	6,404,682
Repair and maintenance	20	19,060,949	16,001,091

#### 15. BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit (loss) attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
Net profit (loss) attributable to shareholders (Baht)	11,098,559	(5,502,084)
Weighted average number of ordinary		
Share in issue during the year (shares)	129,600	129,600
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht)	85.64	(42.45)

## 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

The relationship between the Company and related companies are as follows:

Related companies	Relationship
Coforge Limited	Ultimate parent company
Coforge Pte. Ltd., Singapore	Parent company
Coforge Inc., USA	Fellow subsidiary company
Coforge DPA Pvt., Ltd.	Fellow subsidiary company
Coforge BPW Inc.	Step-down subsidiary
Coforge Ltd., NSU3	Fellow subsidiary company
Coforge NSU4	Fellow subsidiary company
NIIT Technologies Ltd., USA	Fellow subsidiary company
NIIT Technologies Ltd., SEZ unit	Fellow subsidiary company

# a) Significant related party transactions can be summarised as follows:

b)

Loan value adjustment

Total

	In Baht	
	2022	2021
Services receiving		
Coforge Limited		
Software development	152,610,706	164,944,686
Other expense	24,626,752	5,291,431
Coforge Inc., USA		
Software development	1,152,240	1,257,116
Other Expenses	6,145,936	764,596
Coforge DPA Pvt., Ltd.		
Software development	2,489,373	2,299,553
Other Expenses	259,923	F3
Coforge Pte., Ltd.		
Other Expenses	2,906,306	Æ
Coforge BPW Inc.		
Loan received	49,916,550	~
Services providing		
Coforge DPA Inc.		
Other income	6,216,552	.=
Outstanding haloson spining from Land and all other average		
Outstanding balances arising from, Loan, service expense and other exp	enses In Bah	4
Loop to related community		2021
Loan to related company		
Loan given	160,484,563	198,080,000

2,028,800

200,108,800

12,559,477

173,044,040

		_	
	-	D ~	_4
- 1	11	Da	m

Trade accounts payable - related companies	2022	2021
Coforge Limited	5,013,357	106,907,606
Coforge DPA Pvt., Ltd.	259,923	2,299,553
Coforge Pte., Ltd.	2,906,306	3 <del>4</del> 2
NIIT Technologies Ltd.	6,145,936	:#3
NIIT Technologies Ltd., unit (NSU1)	9,935,248	1 <del>9</del> 4
NIIT Technologies Ltd., unit (NSU3)	9,641,687	7 <del>5</del> 3
NIIT Technologies Ltd., unit (NSU4)	36,460	•
Amount revalued - year end exchange rate	1,167,573	2,353,152
Total	35,106,490	111,560,311

#### 17. INCOME TAX

		In Baht	
		2022	2021
Income tax expenses			
2022		4,311,508	-
2021	R D		468,754
Total		4,311,508	468,754

## 18. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Since early 2020, the epidemic of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("the COVID-19 outbreak") has spread across countries globally, and it has affected business and economic activities to some extent. The Company's revenue is mainly based on providing outsourcing information technology system and rendering consulting services of software development. As at the date on which the financial statements were authorised for issue, the Company is still assessing the effects on the financial statements as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak.