NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 AND REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

CORPORATE SERVICES LTD.

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Auditing, Accounting and Tax Consulting Services

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Report on the Financial Statements

To the Shareholders of NIIT Technologies Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NIIT Technologies Ltd. which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the statements of income, changes in equity and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards for Non-Publicly Accountable Entities.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Federation of Accounting Professions under the Royal Patronage of his Majesty the King's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management 's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards [for Non-Publicly Accountable Entities], and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting

estimates and related disclosures made by management.

· Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting

and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or

conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's

report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate,

to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of

our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to

continue as a going concern.

· Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the

disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in

a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in

internal control that we identify during our audit.

Wipat / Emaphhi

WIPAT BURAPAKUSOLSRI

C.P.A. (THAILAND)

Registration No. 2490

Bangkok

20 April 2020

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

		In Bah	t
ASSETS	Notes	2020	2019
CURRENT ASSETS	*		
Cash and cash equivalents	3	259,868,191	191,066,099
Trade accounts receivable - other companies, net	4	72,320,771	81,913,715
Withholding income tax		10,405,525	14,342,423
Prepaid expenses		1,756,781	8,988,677
Other current assets	5	24,119,022	611,723
Total Current Assets		368,470,290	296,922,637
NON - CURRENT ASSETS	ž		4
Intangible assets, net	6	154,076	2,157,827
Equipment, net	7	3,491,994	16,804,158
Deposits		1,066,817	1,688,588
Total Non - Current Assets	_	4,712,887	20,650,573
TOTAL ASSETS		373,183,177	317,573,210

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		In Bah	it
	Notes	2020	2019
CURRENT LIABILITIES		× **	
Trade accounts payable - other companies		20,652,280	22,031,577
- related companies	15 (b)	29,870,953	8,994,946
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	8	1,010,191	782,040
Other current liabilities	9	50,309,598	40,197,667
Total Current Liabilities		101,843,022	72,006,230
NON - CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued employees benefit		10,766,901	13,683,228
Finance lease liabilities	8	1,201,541	318,706
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	11,968,442	14,001,934
Total Liabilities		113,811,464	86,008,164
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	11	15,000,000	15,000,000
Retained earnings			
Appropriated - legal reserve	12	1,500,000	1,500,000
Unappropriated		242,871,713	215,065,046
Total Shareholders' Equity		259,371,713	231,565,046
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		373,183,177	317,573,210

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD.

STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

		In Baht	
	Notes	2020	2019
Service income		412,153,183	380,365,495
Cost of services		(335,221,150)	(293,043,096)
Gross profit		76,932,033	87,322,399
Marketing Expenses		(15,301,687)	(19,674,465)
Administrative expenses		(27,291,141)	(40,075,686)
Operating profit		34,339,205	27,572,248
Interest income		2,016,620	1,401,602
Gain (loss) on exchange rate		(3,162,477)	(1,045,481)
Other income		433,978	588,089
Profit before interest expenses	-	33,627;326	28,516,458
Interest expenses	4	(126,932)	(113,021)
Profit before income tax	. –	33,500,394	28,403,437
Income tax	17 –	(5,693,727)	(5,846,855)
Net profit for the year		27,806,667	22,556,582
Basic earnings per share	14	215	174

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	In Baht			
	Share capital	Legal reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total
	(Note 12)	(Note 13)		
Balance as at 31 March 2019	15,000,000	1,500,000	215,065,046	231,565,046
Net profit (loss) for the year	-	2	27,806,667	27,806,667
Balance as at 31 March 2020	15,000,000	1,500,000	242,871,713	259,371,713
Balance as at 31 March 2018	15,000,000	1,500,000	192,508,464	209,008,464
Net profit (loss) for the year			22,556,582	22,556,582
Balance as at 31 March 2019	15,000,000	1,500,000	215,065,046	231,565,046

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	In Baht	
	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2	
Net income (loss)	27,806,667	22,556,582
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to income(loss) from operating	A 8	
activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Depreciation and amortization	17,658,326	27,662,531
Income from operating activities before changes in operating		
assets and liabilities	45,464,993	50,219,113
Decrease (increase) in operating assets		
Accounts receivable - trade	9,592,944	(17,876,408)
Withholding income tax	3,936,898	(4,707,719)
Prepaid expenses	7,231,896	9,769,557
Loan to parent company	.=	33,342,400
Other current assets	(23,507,299)	6,679,053
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Payable to related companies	(1,379,297)	(2,006,931)
Account payables	20,876,007	(7,445,968)
Finance lease liabilities	228,151	24,144
Other current liabilities	10,111,931	6,168,793
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	72,556,224	74,166,034

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	In Baht	
	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease (increase) in deposits	621,771	(595,796)
Purchase of fixed assets	(2,342,411)	(404,400)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,720,640)	(1,000,196)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	¥0	
Accrued employees benefit	(2,916,327)	4,995,686
Finance lease liabilities	882,835	(485,557)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,033,492)	4,510,129
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	68,802,092	77,675,967
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	191,066,099	113,390,132
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	259,868,191	191,066,099

NIIT TECHNOLOGIES LTD.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

NIIT Technologies Ltd. ("The Company") is a limited company and is incorporated and resident in Thailand. The address of the Company's registered office is as follows:

1858/17 Inter Link Tower, 6th Floor, Debaratana Road, Bang Na Tai, Bangna, Bangkok.

The principal business activities of the Company are providing outsourcing information technology system, rendering consultancy services of software development and other services related to the software business.

As at 31 March 2020 the Company employed 215 persons (2019: 173 persons).

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the management on 20 April 2020.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

2.1 Basis of Preparation

The Company is considered as a Non-publicly Accountable Entity.

On 6 May 2011, the Federation of Accounting Professions (FAP) published the 'Thai Financial Reporting Standard for Non-publicly Accountable Entities' (TFRS for NPAEs). TFRS for NPAEs is effective for financial statements which periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

Changes in accounting policy from the application of TFRS for NPAEs.

Component approach

Under previous accounting policy, the company did not separately depreciate each significant part of an item of property, plant and equipment. The Company separately depreciates each significant part of items that are acquired on or after 01 January 2011 onwards. For the items acquired before the beginning of the first period under the TFRS for NPAEs, the Company continues depreciating them as a single unit. However, the Company reviewed residual values, useful lives and depreciation method of those assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Thai Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses in the reported periods.

Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

An English version of the financial statements have been prepared from the statutory financial statement that are issued in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Thai Baht using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the statements of financial position date denominated in foreign currency are translated to Thai Baht at the exchange rate prevailing at that statements of financial position date. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in the statement of income.

2.3 Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount and subsequently measured at the remaining amount less allowance for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the amount expected to be collectible. Bad debts are recognised in the income statement within services and administrative expenses.

2.4 Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each assets to its residual value over the estimated useful life as follows:

Computer equipment 3 - 5 years

Furniture and fixtures 5 years

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the company. Major renovations are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

Gain and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are included in operating profit.

2.5 Leases - where the company is the lessee

Finance lease

Leases of assets to the Company, as a lessee, which substantially transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated to the principal and to the finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The outstanding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the statement of income over the lease period so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant or equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

Operating lease

Leases not transferring a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentive received from lessor) are charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

When an operating lease is terminated before lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognised as an expense in the period in which the termination takes place.

2.6 Provisions

Provisions, excluding the provisions for employee benefits, are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

The Company recognises the estimated liability in respect of outstanding annual leave of staff at the Statement of financial position date. The provision for outstanding annual leave is calculated based on the outstanding annual leave days and salary rate of staff and presented in the Statement of financial position under other current liabilities.

2.7 Income tax

The Company does not recognise income tax payable or receivable in future periods with respect to temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. The principal temporary differences arise from tax losses carry forward, allowance for doubtful debt and depreciation rate for equipment.

2.8 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the invoiced value for the services net of output tax, rebates and discounts. Each type of revenue is recognised as follows:

- In respect of software project and service are recognised based on the stage of completion determined by
 reference to services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed. When it is probable
 that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense
 immediately.
- In respect of agreements requiring provision of professionals, income is recognised over the period the service is provided as per the terms of the agreements.

	in Bai	nt
3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2020	2019
Cash in bank		
Current account		(431,998)
Saving account	42,518,052	40,908,256
Fixed Deposit 3 Months	217,350,139	150,589,841
Total	259,868,191	191,066,099
4. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - OTHER COMPANIES, NET		
	In Bah	it
	2020	2019
W.		
Trade accounts receivable	73,500,477	82,844,239
Less Allowance for doubtful debts	(1,179,706)	(930,524)
Total	72,320,771	81,913,715

5. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	In Baht	
	2020	2019
Account receivable - Other	22,496,047	134
Advance payment	162,158	119,459
Accrued Interest Income	118,045	78,130
Deposits	1,342,772	414,000
Total	24,119,022	611,723

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

**	In Baht	In Baht	
	2020	2019	
Application software - at cost	11,418,255	11,418,255	
Add (Deduct)Purchased	(a)	s ä	
Less Accumulated amortisation	(11,264,179)	(9,260,428)	
Net book value	154,076	2,157,827	
Amortisation charge for the year	2,003,751	2,918,877	

7. EQUIPMENT, NET

In	Bah	1
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	Computer and	Furniture and	Total
	equipment	fixtures	
At 31 March 2019			
Cost	151,759,612	3,842,554	155,602,166
Less Accumulated depreciation	(136,194,244)	(2,603,764)	(138,798,008)
Net book amount	15,565,368	1,238,790	16,804,158
For the year ended 31 March 2020			
Opening net book amount	15,565,368	1,238,790	16,804,158
Additions	2,342,411		2,342,411
Depreciation charge	(15,476,522)	(178,053)	(15,654,575)
Closing net book amount	2,431,257	1,060,737	3,491,994
At 31 March 2020	¥		
Cost	154,102,024	3,842,554	157,944,578
Less Accumulated depreciation	(151,670,767)	(2,781,817)	(154,452,584)
Net book amount	2,431,257	1,060,737	3,491,994

Depreciation for the years 2020 and 2019 amounted to Baht 15,654,575 and Baht 24,743,654, respectively.

Leased assets included above, where the Company is a lessee under a finance lease, comprise computer equipment.

		In Baht	
		2020	2019
Capitalised financial leases - at cost		11,342,016	9,078,016
Less Accumulated depreciation	H	(9,174,282)	(8,051,376)
Net book amount		2,167,734	1,026,640

8. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

Finance lease liabilities are in respect of the purchase of computer equipment Finance lease liabilities - minimum lease payments:

	In Baht	
	2020	2019
Not later than 1 year	1,143,671	328,171
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	1,278,946	838,087
	2,422,617	1,166,258
<u>Less</u> Future finance charges on finance leases	210,885	65,512
Present value of finance lease liabilities	<u> 2,211,732</u> =	1,100,746
Representing lease liabilities:		
- current	1,010,191	782,040
- non-current	1,201,541	318,706
Total	2,211,732	1,100,746
	*	

9. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	In Baht	
_	2020	2019
	5,588,509	4,944,448
	2,060,775	3,499,035
	4,603,567	3,837,282
	35,003,961	24,931,523
	3,052,786	2,985,379
	50,309,598	40,197,667
		5,588,509 2,060,775 4,603,567 35,003,961 3,052,786

Provision for leave encashment represents outsanding annual leave of staffs as at 31 March 2020 which can carry forward to the following year.

10. REGISTERED PROVIDENT FUND PLAN

The Company established a contributory registered provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The registered provident fund plan was approved by the Ministry of Finance on 16 January 2005. Under the plan, members contribute 3% of basic salary. The contribution shall be capped at the maximum of Baht 5,000.00 or 2% of basic salary whichever is higher and the Company contributes at the same rate of employee's contribution. The Company appointed a fund manager to manage the fund in accordance with the terms and condition prescribed in the Ministerial Regulation No. 2 (B.E. 2532) issued under the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530.

The Company's contribution, which was charged to operations for the year, amounted to Baht 1,772,618

11. SHARE CAPITAL

In Baht	
2019	
),000 12,960,000	
2,040,000	
0,000 15,000,000	
0	

Shareholders of preference shares are entitled to receive dividends (non-cumulative) amounting to 3% of the paid-up amount.

12. LEGAL RESERVE

Under the provision of the Civil and Commercial Code, the Company is required to set aside as legal reserve at least 5% of its net income at each dividend declaration until the reserve reaches 10% of authorized share capital. The reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

13. OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)

The following expenditure items, classified by nature, have been charged in arriving at operating profit (loss).

3		2020 192 292 386	t	
			2020	2019
Staff costs			192,292,386	169,383,114
Depreciation (Note 8)	16		15,654,575	24,743,654
Repair and maintenance			17,660,000	19,090,145
Amortisation (Note 7)			2,003,751	2,918,877
Operating lease rental			3,899,086	3,932,037

14. BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit (loss) attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	In Baht	
	2020	2019
Net profit (loss) attributable to shareholders (Baht)	27,806,667	22,556,582
Weighted average number of ordinary		
Share in issue during the year (shares)	129,600	129,600
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht)	214.56	174.05

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

The relationship between the Company and related companies are as follows:

Related companies	Relationship
NIIT Technologies Limited India	Ultimate parent company
NIIT Technologies Pte. Ltd., Singapore	Parent company
NIIT Technologies Pty. Ltd., Australia	Fellow subsidiary company
NIIT Technologies Limited - UK	Fellow subsidiary company
NIIT Technologies Inc., USA	Fellow subsidiary company

a) Significant related party transactions can be summarised as follows:

b)

	In Baht	
*	2020	2019
Services Rendered	7.	
NIIT Technologies Pty Ltd, Australia	: = V	136,050
NIIT Technologies Inc., USA	5 7 3	692,782
NIIT Technologies Limited - India	B €	4,760,135
NIIT Technologies Pacific Pte Limited, Singapore	(-)	649,537
Total	**	6,238,504
	In Bah	t
	2020	2019
Services receiving		
NIIT Technologies Limited - India		
Software development	117,423,093	93,221,667
Other expense	6,019,253	957,748
NIIT Technologies Inc., USA		
Other Expenses	2	344,134
Total	123,442,346	94,523,549
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
Outstanding balances arising from, Loan, service expense and o	ther expenses	
	In Bah	t
	2020	2019
Trade accounts receivable - related companies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
NIIT Technologies Pacific Pte Limited, Singapore	2	649,537
Total	-	649,537
*	In Baht	
Trade accounts payable - related companies	2020	2019
NIIT Technologies Limited - India	28,742,524	8,545,281
NIIT Technologies Inc, USA		412,428
Exchange rate valuation	1,128,429	37,237
Total	29,870,953	8,994,946

16. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2020, the Company has future lease payments under non-cancelable office rental leases and the management's house lease and equipment rental as follows:

	in Baht	
	2020	2019
OFFICE RENTAL		
Payment due :		
Within 1 year	3,899,086	3,899,086
Within April 20 to March 21	3,108,053	3,108,053
Total	7,007,139	7,007,139
		(

17. INCOME TAX

In Bah	t
2020	2019
5,693,727	·=//
180	5,846,855
5,693,727	5,846,855
	5,693,727

18. CLASSIFICATION OF ACCOUNTS

Certain accounts in the financial statement for the year 2019 were classified to conform with 2020 financial statements presentation.

19. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Since early 2020, the epidemic of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("the COVID-19 outbreak") has spread across countries globally, and it has affected business and economic activities to some extent. The Company's revenue is mainly based on providing outsourcing information technology system and rendering consulting services of software development.

As at the date on which the financial statements were authorised for issue, the Company is still assessing the effects on the financial statements as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak.